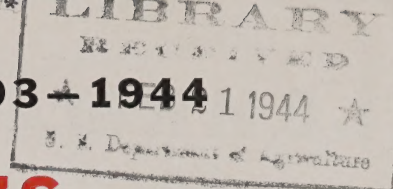


Historic, Archive Document

Do not assume content reflects current scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.

62,41

Our 51st Year • 1893-1944



LOHRMAN'S VICTORY GARDEN GUIDE

New

Head Lettuce

All-America
Bronze Medal
Award, 1944.
Produced jointly
by Michigan
State College
and United States
Department
of Agriculture



*Great
Lakes*

**Pkt.
25c.**



LOHRMAN SEED COMPANY

Macomb at Brush, DETROIT 26, MICH.

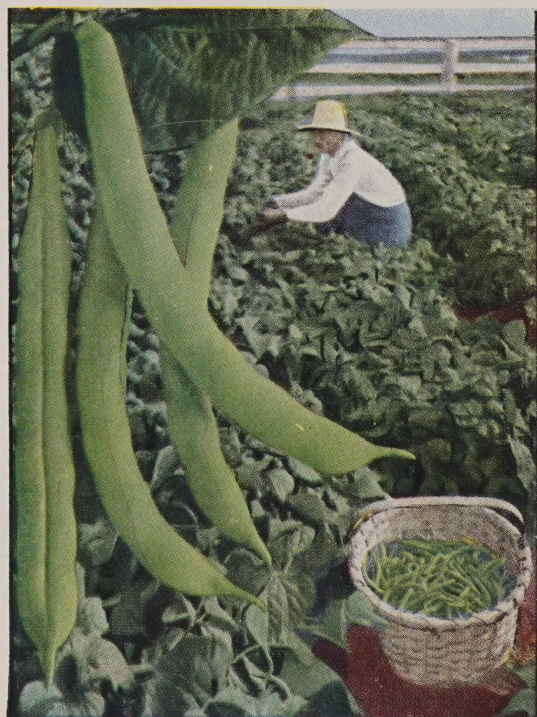
Phone: Randolph 1701

LOHRMAN'S

"Big Three"

COLLECTION

of Garden Beans



Beans, Tendergreen. Round Pod, Stringless

1 PACKET EACH
Enough to sow 50 feet . . . **40c.**

1/2 lb. EACH
Enough to sow 125 feet . . . **75c.**

1 lb. EACH
Enough to sow 250 feet . . . **\$1.35**

PACKED SEPARATELY AND
MAILED POSTPAID



Beans, Golden Wax. Topnotch Strain,
Rustproof, Flat Pod, Stringless



Beans, Fordhook Bush Lima

GET YOUR **FREE**
COPY OF THIS 20-PAGE
ILLUSTRATED BOOK

*"How to Improve Your
Victory Garden"*



ARE you one of the 20 million Victory Gardeners who have vowed to have a better garden this year? Then this book is meant for you. In it, Harry R. O'Brien, the "Plain Dirt Gardener" of *Better Homes and Gardens Magazine*, reviews gardening fundamentals, corrects your mistakes, improves your planning, **ALL IN PHOTOGRAPHS!** He gives you complete planting data and cultural directions, shows how to prepare soil, fertilize, plant, weed and harvest your crops. This invaluable fact-packed book will turn your gardening into fun, earlier yields and bumper crops!

How to Get Your FREE Copy of This Marvelous Book:

After looking through Lohrman's Garden Guide and selecting the seed varieties you would like to include in your Victory Garden, write your order on the enclosed order blank. With every order for \$1.00 worth or more of merchandise, this marvelous 20-page book will be included **FREE OF CHARGE**. Book is not sold separately.

Lohrman's—Reliable Seedsmen for Over 50 Years!

Since 1893, the people of Detroit and Michigan have looked to Lohrman's for the best in seeds, bulbs and plants. When you purchase Lohrman seeds, you are sure of the finest quality, backed by the unequalled reputation of this 51-year-old house. In coöperation with Michigan State College's Horticultural Department, we have selected the vegetable varieties that grow best in this section of the country, for inclusion in this guide. Complete growing instructions are included. Because stocks of some varieties may become depleted during the season, we suggest that you place your order as soon as possible.

Use the Order Blank—Purchase from Guide

All seeds and roots offered in this guide are mailed prepaid anywhere in the U. S. Strawberry and Raspberry Plants are mailed postpaid within a radius of 600 miles from Detroit. Check, bank draft, post-office or express money order may accompany your order. If you send currency, be sure to use registered mail.

LOHRMAN SEED CO.

MACOMB AT BRUSH

DETROIT 26, MICHIGAN

Detroit's Leading Horticulturists Since 1893



*Imagine! Big, Delicious Asparagus
Stalks Direct from Your Garden
to Your Kettle!*

MARY WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Rust-Resistant

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture.

No garden is complete without this delicious spring vegetable. Twenty-five roots, sufficient for a row of 25 feet, will supply the average family for several years. Mary Washington is the best variety for the home garden. The thick stalks are resistant to rust and grow unusually tall without branching. Color is deep green with purple tips.

These are strong 2-year roots that will produce a bountiful crop the second year from planting. 25 roots for \$1.00; 50 roots for \$1.75; 100 roots for \$3.00. Instructions on "How to Grow Asparagus" free with every order.

ASPARAGUS SEED, MARY WASHINGTON. Will produce Asparagus in four years. Used principally by commercial growers. Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15

BRUSSELS SPROUTS *1 pkt. will produce 200 plants; 1 oz., 2000 plants*

HOW TO GROW: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. Sow in May in the seedbed and set out the plants 2 feet apart, in rows 2 feet apart. Keep well cultivated.

LONG ISLAND IMPROVED, SPECIAL STRAIN. Compact plants, 20 inches tall, with solid, heavy sprouts, $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$1.25; oz. \$2.00

BROCCOLI

1 pkt. will produce 200 plants; 1 oz., 2000 plants

HOW TO GROW: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. For July crop, sow in hotbeds in March; for Fall crop, sow in open ground in May. Plants should be set out 18 inches apart, in rows 2 feet apart.

ITALIAN GREEN SPROUTING. Light green, tender sprouts with loose flower-heads like cauliflower.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. 85c



Broccoli, Italian Green Sprouting



LOHRMAN'S Special Detroit Dark Red **BEETS** *for Table and Canning!*

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in about 55 days. The exceptionally fine quality of this Beet has made it one of the most popular kinds for the home and for canning. For fall use in the home garden it has few equals. Seed sown in July will produce beautiful, tender Beets, superior to use in the Fall and to store for Winter. The Beets are perfectly round (2½ to 3 inches in diameter), smooth and uniform, of a solid, rich, deep red throughout.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 20c; oz. 35c; ¼lb. \$1.10

EARLY WONDER. Best Early Beet.

Ready to use in about 50 days. Best for early planting. Roots uniform, nearly globe-shaped, with small top and tap-root. Skin dark red; flesh deep blood-red, with little zoning.

Pkt. 10c; ½oz. 15c; oz. 25c

HOW TO GROW BEETS:

1 pkt. sows a 15-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

Beets are one of the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. A few rows will give you fresh Beets throughout the season. Sow early in the Spring and again about June 15 for use in the Fall for canning. Beet tops will make excellent table greens, cooked like spinach. Sow in drills 1 inch deep. Space rows 1 to 1½ feet apart. When plants are 3 to 4 inches high, thin out to 2 to 3 inches between plants.

*Large and Tender and Very
Prolific!*

TENDERGREEN STRINGLESS GREEN-POD BUSH BEANS

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in about 52 days. If you want really delicious, tender, fine-flavored, early Snap Beans, be sure to plant Tendergreen. The pods are long, round as a pencil, very meaty and of an attractive light green color. They mature early and the vines are exceptionally strong and vigorous. This Bean is outstanding for the large yields of long, straight, tender pods that it produces.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c;
2 lbs. 95c; 5 lbs. \$2.25

PLENTIFUL. *Rust-resistant; stringless.* Ready to pick in about 49 days. The earliest and best flat, long-podded green-pod bush Bean. It is an ideal Snap Bean, producing a fine crop of flat, straight, solid, fleshy pods averaging $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, wonderfully tender and brittle. The flavor is most delicious, while the delicate green color of the pods is retained after cooking, adding to its attractiveness when served. The plants are of robust, compact habit.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c; 5 lbs. \$2.25

BOUNTIFUL. Ready to pick in about 48 days. Attractive green pods, 6 to 7 inches long, stout, flat and stringless. An old favorite.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

EDIBLE SOY BEANS

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 lb., 100 ft.

National attention has been focused on these Beans, and everyone is eager to grow them. They have produced excellent crops in different sections of the country. Green or dry, the Beans are delicious, and an excellent source of vitamins A, B, and G. Early and productive. The plants grow 24 inches high, and are covered with pods.

HOW TO GROW: Sow in rows 3 feet apart, dropping about six seeds per foot of row. The plants do not require support.

BANSEI. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in 96 days. This variety ripens early and is adapted to a wide range of growing conditions. Best for this section. The pod is small, round, and yellow. The plants grow about 2 feet high.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 85c; 5 lbs. \$2.00



Beans, Tendergreen

SHELL BEANS FOR BAKING

WHITE KIDNEY. Ready to pick in 100 days. An excellent variety for dried Beans. Very prolific.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

HOW TO GROW BEANS:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 lb., 100 ft.

Grow plenty of Beans! They are among the most satisfactory vegetables to grow in the home garden. With little work and little room they'll easily produce all the fresh Beans required for summer eating and for canning.

Plant in April when ground is warm, and at two-week intervals until August. Rows should be $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart and the Beans sown 4 to 6 inches apart and 2 inches deep in the rows. Keep well cultivated and when soil is dry, draw the earth up to the stems.



*Brittle, Stringless Tender Beans
of Superb Quality!*

TOPNOTCH GOLDEN WAX BUSH BEAN

Rust-Resistant. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in about 52 days. One of the finest flat-podded Wax Beans in cultivation. Enormous yielder, producing heavy crops of large, attractive pods, whether sown early or late. It has found a very high place in the estimation of both home market growers. The pods are 5 to 6 inches long, very thick and unusually fleshy.

The quality is tender, brittle, and entirely without strings or fibers at all stages until maturity, while the color is rich golden yellow.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c; 5 lbs. \$2.25

PENCIL-POD WAX. Ready to pick in about 52 days. This is by far the most popular round-podded wax variety for both home gardens and market. The pods are meaty and have a delicious flavor. They are 6 to 7 inches long, straight and round, always stringless, tender, very brittle, and of the finest quality. The plant is vigorous, early, and bears profusely over a long period.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c; 5 lbs. \$2.00

BUSH LIMA BEANS

1 pkt. sows 10 ft.; 1 lb., 50 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Plant in May when ground is dry and weather warm, in rows 2 feet apart and Beans 10 inches apart. Plant seeds 1 inch deep.

FORDHOOK BUSH. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in about 75 days. The earliest, largest-podded and most popular of all Lima Beans. The outstanding sure-crop bush Lima Bean for the entire country. Produces enormous crops of large, fat pods containing 4 or 5 delicious Beans of deep green color. Unexcelled for home use.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c;
5 lbs. \$2.25

HENDERSON BUSH (Baby Lima). Ready to pick in 68 days. Small seeds suitable for canning. Very prolific, producing large quantities of small pods. Excellent flavor.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c;
5 lbs. \$2.25

POLE BEANS

1 pkt. plants 10 hills; 1 lb., 50 hills

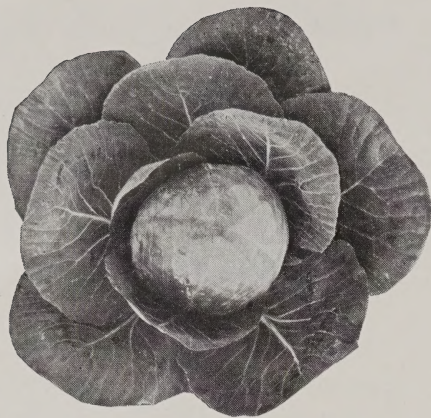
HOW TO GROW: These require poles 8 to 10 feet long. Plant in hills 3 to 4 feet apart each way and 1 to 2 inches deep, allowing six seeds to each hill. When well established, thin out to three plants. Do not plant before middle of May.

KENTUCKY WONDER, Green-Pod. (Also called **Old Homestead**). Ready to pick in about 65 days. The pods are very long, round, light green, stringless when young, and of extremely high quality. The vines are enormously productive, the pods often hanging in great clusters. These Beans mature very early, being among the earliest of the pole varieties.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c;
5 lbs. \$2.25

KING OF THE GARDEN, Lima. 1 pkt. plants 5 hills; 1 lb., 50 hills. Ready to pick in about 80 days. This variety produces large, flat pods of good quality, containing 5 or 6 large Beans.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c;
5 lbs. \$2.25



Cabbage, Golden Acre

LATE CABBAGE

AMERICAN CHIEFTAIN SAVOY. Ready to use in about 88 days from plants. The best of the Savoy type for general use. Heads nearly round, full, and hard; of good quality.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. 85c

MAMMOTH RED ROCK. Ready to use in about 80 days from plants. The largest and best red Cabbage. Heads round, purplish red. An excellent keeper.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.15

WISCONSIN BALLHEAD. Ready to use in about 85 days from plants. Splendid late yellows-resistant Cabbage. Heavy yielder. Large, globular, firm heads.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00

CAULIFLOWER

1 pkt. produces 150 plants; 1 oz., 3000 plants

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March, and when large enough, transplant 3 inches apart. When hard frosts are over, plant outdoors $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart in rows 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. For late crop, sow seed in June.

LOHRMAN'S SNOWCAP. Ready to use in about 100 days from setting plants. Surest header for early and late planting. Green leaves do not grow up through the heads. It is very heavy, with a deep head and fine texture.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. \$1.45; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.75;
oz. \$5.00

We will have Cauliflower Plants about May 10

CELTUCE

1 pkt. sows 20 ft.; 1 oz., 200 ft.

GROW THE SAME AS LETTUCE. See page 13.

Ready to pick in about 90 days. Belongs to the lettuce family but is entirely different in its growth and use. When plants are young they may be used as greens, but its chief value is in its stalks, which can be eaten raw like celery or cooked like asparagus.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.25

CABBAGE *1 pkt. produces about 250 plants; 1 oz. sown in open ground produces 1500 to 2000 plants*

HOW TO GROW: In sowing the seed, cover lightly with soil. For early use, sow in hotbeds in February. Transplant to the open ground when danger of killing frost has passed. 15 to 18 inches apart in rows 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. For late Cabbage, sow in the open ground in May. Cabbage succeeds best in a well-manured, deeply dug soil.

EARLY CABBAGE

GOLDEN ACRE. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. The earliest Cabbage, ready to use in about 65 days from plants. The most profitable early home and market variety. The heads are of fine quality, round as a ball and very firm. They weigh about 4 or 5 pounds, an ideal size for family use.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c

COPENHAGEN MARKET. *Yellows-Resistant; Special Stock.* Ready to use in about 80 days from plants. This fine yellows-resistant variety is extremely uniform and most attractive. The heads are of the Copenhagen type but larger, and about two weeks later than Golden Acre.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c

EARLY JERSEY WAKEFIELD. Ready to use in 60 days from plants. Conical head. Fine for the home garden.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40c; oz. 70c

CHINESE CABBAGE

CHINESE CHIHILI. More nearly resembles Cos lettuce than Cabbage. The seed should be sown not earlier than the first of July, in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and the plants thinned to 18 to 20 inches apart. Sow seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep (a packet to 50 feet of drill). Ready to use in about 70 days. Early, crisp, sure heading.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 65c

We will have Cabbage Plants available about May 10

CELERY *1 pkt. produces 200 plants; 1 oz., 3000 plants*

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March or outside in April. The seed should be covered very lightly. When about 3 inches high, transplant 4 inches apart and let grow until wanted for transplanting out into beds or trenches in June. Plant 4 to 8 inches apart in rows 18 to 36 inches apart. As the plants grow, they should be earthed up, care being taken not to let the earth get into the heart. For keeping over Winter, bank with earth and cover with litter.

FLORIDA GOLDEN. Ready in 85 days. The standard of excellence in the self-blanching class. Plant heavy, compact, full hearted; 22 inches tall. Edible stalks $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 inches long. Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50

UTAH (Improved Pascal). The best green Celery. The stalks are large, yet tender, with very little fiber and a thick, well-developed heart. This variety blanches very easily and when blanched is pure white, crisp, brittle, and of a delicious flavor. The stalks keep well; recommended for Winter storage.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75c; oz. \$1.30

CELERIAC (Turnip-rooted or Knob-Celery)

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed the same as celery. Transplant 8 inches apart in rows 2 feet apart. No earthing up is required, as the roots are the edible part.

GIANT SMOOTH PRAGUE. Tender white flesh. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c oz. 95c



RED-CORED CHANTENAY CARROTS

*Ideal in Every Way
for the
Home Garden*

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in about 70 days. The deep orange color of the flesh extends right down through the center. Because of the fine quality, uniform deep color, and high yield, this smooth-rooted variety is very popular with canners. For the home garden, it is especially valuable, as it succeeds under a wider range of conditions and does not require as deeply plowed soil as some of the longer kinds. Excellent for Winter storing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50

CARROTS, Standard Varieties

SUPREME HALF LONG DANVERS. Ready to use in about 75 days. A fine home and market variety. The roots are tapering, slightly stump-rooted, and grow about an inch longer than our Chantenay. The flesh is smooth, of fine quality and deep orange in color throughout, as there is practically no core. Excellent for Winter storing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50

IMPERATOR. Long tapering Carrot. Ready to use in 77 days. Roots 8 inches long, almost cylindrical. Color deep solid orange. Crisp, tender, and sweet.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 30c; oz. 50c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.50

HOW TO GROW CARROTS:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

Modern Carrots are a really delicious vegetable eaten either cooked or raw. A few rows will supply all you want, as you can thin out the small ones for early use and let the rest grow for Fall and Winter. Carrots can be sown from early Spring to early July. The earlier they are sown, the larger the crop as a rule, but late sowings produce nice Carrots for Fall.

Sow in April in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Cover seed about $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, and thin out plants to stand 2 to 3 inches apart.

HYBRID SWEET CORN VARIETIES
are More Vigorous and Resist Bacterial
Wilt (Stewart's Disease)



HYBRID GOLDEN CROSS YELLOW BANTAM

The Sweet Corn without a Flaw!

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. *Wilt-Resistant—High-Yielding—Uniform.* Ready to pick in 84 days. One of the first hybrids introduced and now the standard of excellence in Sweet Corn. The ears are extremely attractive, about 8 inches long, nearly cylindrical in shape, with 12 rows of golden yellow kernels. The tender grains have unusual depth and perfectly delicious flavor. Matures 4 to 7 days later than Golden Bantam, a large part of the crop ripening over a short period of time, but the ears hold their fine quality and tenderness longer than any kind we know. It is entirely resistant to Stewart's disease (wilt).

Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. 70c; 2 lbs. \$1.35; 5 lbs. \$3.25

MARCCROSS. *Wilt-resistant Hybrid. Extra-Early.* Matures 10 days before Golden Cross Yellow Bantam. Ready to pick in 75 days. The ears are $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 8 inches long, with 12 to 16 rows of large, sweet yellow kernels. Grows 4 to 6 feet high. A most productive variety for the home garden. Resistant to Stewart's disease (wilt).

Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 40c; lb. 70c; 2 lbs. \$1.35; 5 lbs. \$3.25

STANDARD VARIETIES (Open-Pollinated)

GOLDEN BANTAM. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in about 80 days. The plants are 5 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ feet tall, and the slender ears, $5\frac{1}{2}$ to $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches long, with only 8 rows of even, broad, moderately deep golden kernels of the most delicious flavor. A popular home-garden variety.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; 2 lbs. 85c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

CHARLEVOIX. Ready to pick in 86 days. Ears $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long, unusually sweet and tender. Kernels light yellow.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; 2 lbs. 85c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

STOWELL'S EVERGREEN (Late). Ready to pick in 88 days. White ears 8 to 9 inches long, 16 to 18-rowed.

Pkt. 10c; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 25c; lb. 45c; 2 lbs. 85c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

HOW TO GROW SWEET CORN:

1 pkt. plants 20 hills; 1 lb., 100 hills

Sow the seed in May after the ground becomes warm, 1 inch deep, in rows 3 feet apart, and thin out plants to stand 1 foot apart in rows, or in hills 3 feet apart each way. Sow six to eight grains to a hill and thin out to three plants. Plant every two weeks until mid-July.



LOHRMAN'S SPECIAL CUCUMBER

Crisp and Delicious

*It's the Best
for Slicing*

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in 68 days. A streamlined dark green variety producing a fine long slender Cucumber of beautiful color and shape. The fruits are very smooth and straight, usually over 8 inches long, and have a rich dark green skin and dark green rays. The fine color holds up for a long time after picking. The flesh is thick, crisp, and delicious. Altogether one of the most attractive Cucumbers grown, and highly popular for both home and market. White spined.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

CUCUMBERS, Standard Varieties

STRAIGHT EIGHT. Ready to pick in 66 days. Produces fruits about 8 inches long, well rounded at the ends. Suitable for dill pickles as well as for slicing.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

NATIONAL PICKLING. This variety introduced and recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in about 50 days. A particularly uniform variety with straight, symmetrical fruits, full at the ends. Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

HOW TO GROW CUCUMBERS:

1 pkt. plants 20 hills; 1 oz., about 80 hills

Sow outdoors after the middle of May, using eight to ten seeds to every hill. When the second set of leaves is formed, thin out to four plants to a hill. The hills should be $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet in diameter and 4 feet apart. A few hills in the home garden will supply an abundance of Cucumbers and pickles. For the best results fruit should be kept picked.

COLLARDS

1 pkt. produces 200 plants; 1 oz., 3000 plants

GROW SAME AS CABBAGE. (See page 8)

GEORGIA. Ready to pick in 80 days from plants. Produces a loose rosette of large, succulent cabbage-like leaves which make delicious boiling "greens." Popular in the South; deserves to be better known everywhere. 2 to 3 feet tall.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c

CRESS Curled or Garden

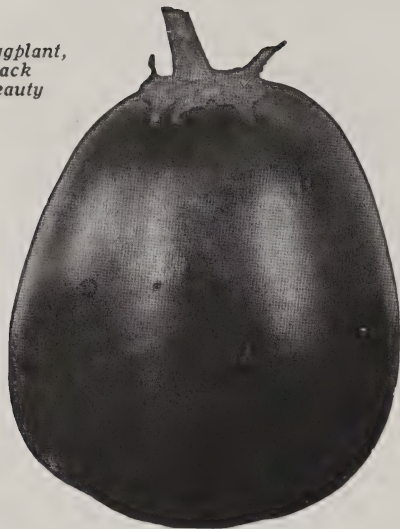
Used with lettuce for garnishing.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c

NON-WARRANTY

Lohrman Seed Co. gives no warranty, expressed or implied, as to description, quality, productiveness or any other matter of any seeds, bulbs or plants we send out, and will not be responsible for the crop.

Eggplant,
Black
Beauty



HERBS

Every garden should have a few Herbs. Sow early in Spring; cover lightly.

BASIL, SWEET. Used for flavoring soups and sauces, 2 feet.

BORAGE. Leaves are used to give a cucumber-like taste in salads.

CARAWAY. Seed is used for baking purposes.

FLORENCE FENNEL. The roots are boiled, also used as salad.

SAGE. Perennial. Used for dressings and seasoning.

SAVORY, SUMMER. Annual. For flavoring soups and dressings.

SWEET MARJORAM. Annual. Aromatic; used as seasoning.

THYME. Perennial. Used for seasoning soups and sauces.

All above Herbs, pkt. 15c.

KALE 1 pkt. sows a 30-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow when the ground is warm in May, $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch deep. Thin out plants to 18 inches apart in rows 2 feet apart. For early Spring use, sow in August and September and protect during the Winter.

DWARF GREEN CURLED SCOTCH. Ready to use in 55 days from plants. Vitamin-rich greens. Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45c; oz. 75c



Leek, Emperor

EGGPLANT 1 pkt. produces 100 plants; 1 oz., 1000 plants

HOW TO GROW: Sow seed in hotbed in March. When plants are 3 inches high, transplant to small pots. Set plants in open ground about May 20, 2 feet apart in rows and 3 feet between rows.

BLACK BEAUTY. Ready to pick in 80 days from plants. The best home and market-garden variety. The large fruits are smooth, uniform, very rich dark purple.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 80c; oz. \$1.50

We will have Eggplant Plants about May 10

ENDIVE 1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow seed $\frac{1}{2}$ to 1 inch deep, after April 15 for early use, June and July for late use. When plants are 3 inches high, thin out to 1 foot apart. When nearly full grown, they must be blanched by tying the leaves loosely together, when plants are quite dry.

GREEN CURLED SUMMER. Ready to use in 70 days. Standard variety for Fall and Winter.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

FULL HEART BATAVIAN (Escarolle). Medium large with very deep, full, compact, well-blanched heart. Infolded broad leaves thick and buttery.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00



Endive, Green Curled

KOHLRABI 1 pkt. sows a 30-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow outdoors about April 15, in rows 2 feet apart and cover seed with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil. When well up, thin to 8 inches apart in the row.

EARLY WHITE VIENNA. Ready to use in 60 days. Light green skin; creamy white flesh.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 95c; oz. \$1.75

LEEK 1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow in April, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep, in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and thin plants to stand 3 inches apart. Draw up earth as plants grow, in order to produce the white stalks.

EMPEROR. Ready to use in 85 days. Mild onion flavor. The best variety.

Pkt. 20c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 95c; oz. \$1.75



GRAND RAPIDS LOOSE-LEAF LETTUCE

Rich in Vitamins, Superb for Salads!

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in 45 days. The home-garden favorite. Light green leaves finely curled, tender, crisp, and of a delicious flavor. Thick sowing will give an abundance of young tender leaves very early in the season, but if the plants are spaced 12 to 18 inches apart, they will produce large masses of this exceptional lettuce.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c

BLACK-SEEDED SIMPSON. Ready to use in 48 days. It is of excellent quality, forming a large bunch of curled, crisp, and very tender leaves. The leaves can be used from the time the plants are small.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c

CRISP HEAD LETTUCE

GREAT LAKES (1944 All-America Bronze Medal Award) See Front Cover.

Ready to use in 83 days. Originated and introduced jointly by the Michigan State College and the United States Department of Agriculture. Will withstand heat and drought, also resistant to tip-burn. Will not bolt or run to seed until late in the Summer. Excellent quality, crisp and tender.

Pkt. 25c

IMPERIAL 847. Ready to use in 83 days. This variety is the finest and most dependable Iceberg Lettuce. Under almost all conditions it makes heads better than any other strain and it stands up well even in hot dry weather. The heads are medium size, slightly flattened in shape, and extremely solid. The quality is excellent, with tender crisp leaves and beautiful hearts that are most delicious.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

MAY KING. Ready to use in 60 days. A very early butterhead variety, excellent for early heading. The heads form very quickly, are firm and of fine quality. The plant is small and practically all head. Light green leaves slightly tinted with brown on the edges, very crisp and tender.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c

COS or ROMAINE LETTUCE

WHITE SELF-CLOSING. Ready to use in 77 days. Produces large, compact, upright heads a foot high which blanch perfectly white inside. The flavor is considered by many to be the most delicious for salads.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 70c

HOW TO GROW LETTUCE:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

Even the smallest home garden can easily grow plenty of Lettuce. By making successive sowings until July 1, then again when the weather gets cooler in August, you can have a supply of these delightful greens throughout the season.

Sow thinly in the Spring as soon as the soil can be worked, in rows 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart, and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil. Thin heading varieties to stand 1 foot apart; loose-leaf or cutting varieties, 4 to 6 inches apart. Lettuce grows best during the cool seasons of the year, and in a rich, moist, cool soil.

*The Sweetest and Best of All Muskmelons
for Family Use!*

HONEY ROCK

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Salmon flesh. Ready to use in 85 days. Medium-sized fruit having a gray-green skin with heavy, coarse netting. The deeply colored salmon flesh is deliciously sweet, with a fine, smooth texture and flavor all its own. The fruits are almost round, $5\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and because of the thick flesh are quite heavy, weighing about 3 pounds each. Well adapted to growing in the home garden. Very productive.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35



Honey Rock Melon

MUSKMELONS, Standard Varieties

BENDER'S SURPRISE. Orange flesh. Ready to use in 90 days. Melons grow 6 to $6\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter and $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 inches long; moderately ribbed, closely netted. Flesh bright orange and delicious in flavor. Heavy yielder. Fruits weigh about 5 pounds.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

HEARTS OF GOLD. Orange flesh. Ready to use in 90 days. Slightly elongated shape, 5 inches in diameter and 6 inches in length, nicely netted and weighing 3 pounds. Deep orange flesh of sweetest flavor, very thick, ripens close to rind.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

WATERMELON

HARRIS' EARLIEST. Ready to use in 80 days. Very early. Medium-sized, nearly round, dark green fruits with light stripes and deep pink flesh.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c



Paramount Parsley

HOW TO GROW MUSKMELONS:

*1 pkt. plants 20 hills; 1 oz.,
100 hills*

Muskmelons do best in a light or sandy soil in almost any warm, sunny location. Make hills 1 foot in diameter and 5 feet apart each way. When the weather is quite warm, sow 8 to 10 seeds in each hill and cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil. Thin out to the best three plants.

HOW TO GROW WATERMELONS:

*1 pkt. plants 10 hills; 1 oz.,
30 hills*

Same as Muskmelon, except that the hills should be 8 feet apart each way.

The Finest Curled Variety!

PARAMOUNT PARSLEY

Produces the most attractive and finest curled Parsley we have ever seen; absolutely uniform. The color is a beautiful rich deep green and there are no flat leaves. This is a superb variety for the home garden.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

HAMBURG or ROOTED. Roots 8 inches long. Parsnip-shaped, creamy white leaves.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1 00

HOW TO GROW PARSLEY:

1 pkt. sows a 30-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

This seed germinates very slowly. Soak it in warm water for a few hours before planting. Sow in rows 1 foot apart and $\frac{1}{2}$ inch deep; thin out to 4 inches apart.

Plant... ONION SETS



Easiest to Grow

*Quicker to
Mature*

*1qt. (1 lb.) will plant
50 feet*

It is very easy to raise Onions from sets and they should be grown in every garden. If the sets are put out early in the Spring, nice green Onions can be pulled in a few weeks. The Onions grow large enough to cook about the first of July in this latitude. Two or three weeks later they become large, ripe Onions which can be kept through the winter if desired. The sets should be planted about 2 inches apart and covered an inch deep.

For economical use of ground in the small garden it is a good plan to plant the sets about 1 inch apart in rows. Pull every other one for green Onions in the Spring and leave the rest for boiling Onions. This will give you a continuous supply throughout the summer.

YELLOW SETS. Lb. 50c, postpaid.

ONION SEED

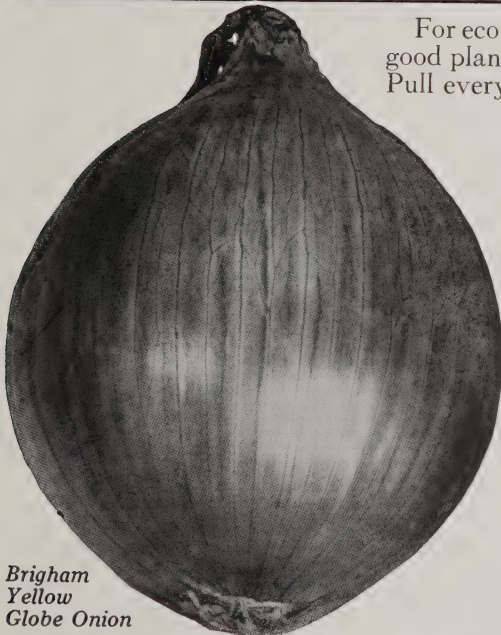
BRIGHAM YELLOW GLOBE. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. True strain. Ready to use in 110 days. This is the best early yellow variety and will produce beautiful large globe Onions even under adverse conditions. The Onions are unusually large, with an attractive deep yellow color and nearly globe shape. They have a fine tight skin which makes them very good keepers. This is the outstanding and most satisfactory variety for the home garden.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 45c; oz. 80c; ¼lb. \$2.55

RIVERSIDE SWEET SPANISH. Large Sweet Onions in your own garden! Seed sown in the ground in the early Spring will produce magnificent large globe-shaped Onions often weighing a pound or more and of very mild, pleasant flavor. Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25

WHITE SILVERSKIN. Early flat white Onions of mild flavor. Excellent for pickling and early green Onions.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25



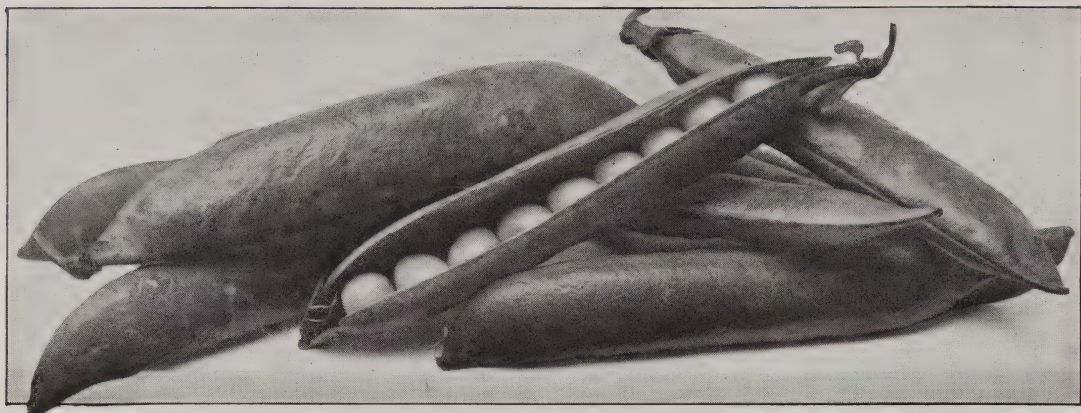
*Brigham
Yellow
Globe Onion*

HOW TO GROW ONIONS:

1 pkt. sows a 25-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

Onions are raised both from seed and from sets. Seed sown in early Spring produces ripe Onions in the Fall, while sets or plants set out at same time make green "bunching" Onions in a few weeks and dry ripe Onions in July or August.

Sow seed in early Spring as soon as the ground can be worked, in drills 1½ feet apart and ½ inch deep. Thin out to 3 inches apart, using the discards for green Onions.



PEAS, LITTLE MARVEL. You'll Find It Fits Its Name

The Best Early Dwarf Pea

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to pick in 64 days. The outstanding early dwarf variety, extremely tender and sweet. Stands very long in perfect condition for picking. The plants average 15 to 18 inches high and are of sturdy, even growth. The pods usually grow in pairs, are about 3 inches long, dark green, square-ended and bursting with 7 or 8 plump, slightly flattened, dark green Peas.

Pkt. 15c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 95c; 5 lbs. \$2.25

The Finest Early Tall Pea

WORLD'S RECORD (Extra-Early Gradus).

Ready to pick in 66 days. Much-improved variety, growing about 3 feet tall and bearing an enormous crop of fine pods 3½ inches in length. They are nearly straight, pointed at the tip, medium green, and hold 7 to 9 large, tender Peas of sweet, luscious flavor.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

The Best Tall Main Crop Pea

ALDERMAN. *Wilt-Resistant.* Ready to pick in 75 days. A splendid dark-podded variety growing 4½ to 5 feet tall. Pods 4½ to 5 inches long, containing 8 to 9 large, delicious Peas. Heavy yielder.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

The Best Dwarf Main Crop Pea

DWARF TELEPHONE. *Wilt-Resistant.* Ready to pick in 75 days. Vines 24 inches high. Pods light green, containing 7 to 9 Peas of highest quality. A splendid main-crop variety for the home garden.

Pkt. 10c; ½lb. 30c; lb. 50c; 2 lbs. 90c;
5 lbs. \$2.00

HOW TO GROW PEAS:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 lb., 100 ft.

For a continuous supply, sow as early in the Spring as the soil can be prepared, then make successive sowings at intervals of ten to fourteen days to June 1, and sow again in August for a Fall crop. Provide supports for the tall-growing varieties.

Sow the seed 2 inches deep, 2 inches apart in single rows or 6 inches apart in double rows. Make the rows 3 feet apart.

NITRAGIN • *Be Sure of a Good Pea Crop*

NOTICE—Treat Seed With Nitragin. You will increase your yield and improve the quality by inoculating seed before planting. **Garden Size Bacteria No. 1551** for Peas, Sweet Peas, and Beans. Sufficient quantity to treat 4 lbs. of the above items. Same Bacteria for all three. 10c postpaid.



MUSTARD

1 pkt. sows a 50-ft. row; 1 oz., 300 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow any time from early Spring until Fall in rows 1 foot apart. Cover seed slightly. Thin out plants 5 to 6 inches apart.

FORDHOOK FANCY. Long-standing. This beautifully curled Mustard is very handsome in appearance and of a very mild, pleasant flavor. The leaves are curled and fringed.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c

PARSNIPS

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow in early Spring as soon as the weather permits, in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart. Cover the seed $\frac{1}{2}$ inch and thin out to 4 inches apart.

LOHRMAN'S LEADER—HOLLOW CROWN.

Ready to use in 100 days. These are smooth, snowy white, hollow-crown Parsnips. They are of good length, but not too long, and their smoothness is quite remarkable, giving the roots a very attractive appearance.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c

PEPPERS

1 pkt. produces 100 plants;
1 oz., 1500 plants

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed in hotbeds in March, and when weather is warm transplant $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart in rows 2 feet apart.

CALIFORNIA WONDER (Sweet). Ready to use in 72 days from plants. The ideal stuffing Pepper: good size, blocky form, remarkably thick walls, sweetness, tenderness, and good flavor. Peppers are about 4 inches long and 3 to $3\frac{1}{2}$ inches in diameter, and are borne upright. The skin is very smooth, glossy, and green, turning to bright crimson when ripe. Unsurpassed for baking.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00

California Wonder Plants available May 10

LONG RED CAYENNE (Hot). Ready to use in 70 days from plants. A leading variety for use in pickles, for canning and drying. Fruits 5 inches long, $\frac{1}{2}$ inch thick.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60c; oz. \$1.00



California Wonder Pepper

OKRA

1 pkt. plants 10 hills; 1 oz., 100 hills

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed about the middle of May in drills 3 feet apart, 1 inch deep. Thin out to 18 inches apart.

DWARF LONG-POD GREEN. Plants $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 feet tall. Pods dark green, fleshy, and tender.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 65c



Hollow Crown Parsnips

PUMPKINS

1 pkt. plants 5 hills; 1 oz., 25 hills

HOW TO GROW: Sow about May 15 in hills spaced 8 feet apart each way, and thin out to 3 plants to the hill. Sow 1 inch deep.

SWEET or SUGAR (New England Pie).

Fruits small, round, flattened at the ends; skin and flesh deep orange-yellow.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 60c

SALSIFY (Oyster Plant)

1 pkt. sows a 15-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Sow in early Spring in rows $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 feet apart. Cover seed 1 inch. Thin out to 6 inches apart.

MAMMOTH SANDWICH ISLAND. True. Large; fine flavor.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 85c; oz. \$1.35

SORREL

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

LARGE BROAD-LEAVED FRENCH. Used as a salad; has an acid flavor. Cut off seed-stalks as they appear.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 65c; oz. \$1.15



EARLY SCARLET GLOBE. Lohrman's Premium

The Completely Satisfactory Radish!

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in 23 days. These fine Radishes are round to oval in shape, with brilliant scarlet color and very fine tap-roots. The tops are medium sized and the flesh pure white. A crisp and popular commercial strain for outdoor growing and certainly one of the finest for the home garden. We highly recommend it. Pkt. 15c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c

EARLY SCARLET WHITE-TIPPED or SPARKLER. Ready to use in 25 days. Round, deep scarlet, shading to a white tip at the bottom. Very early. Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c.

ICICLE. Ready to use in 22 days. The best early white variety and considered by many the standard of excellence in Radishes. Tops small; roots long, tapered, very white, and brittle as ice; mild and of fine flavor.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c

WINTER RADISH, Chinese Rose. Ready to pick in 55 days. Skin deep rose, white tip. Flesh pure white, mildly pungent. Sow seed middle of June and again in July.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90c

HOW TO GROW RADISHES:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

Radishes from April until the end of the season are possible by successive sowings at weekly intervals. A moderately light soil produces the best-quality roots free from pith. Sow the seed as soon as the ground can be worked in early Spring, in rows 12 to 18 inches apart; cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of soil.

American
Purple-Top
Rutabagas



RUTABAGA

1 pkt. sows a 50-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: Rutabagas require a longer season to mature than turnips and are best grown as a Fall crop. Sow the seed from late June until early August, in rows 15 to 24 inches apart. Cover with $\frac{1}{2}$ inch of fine soil, and thin the seedlings to stand 6 to 8 inches apart in the row.

LOHRMAN'S NECKLESS AMERICAN PURPLE-TOP. Improved strain without neck. Tops are rather short but roots are good-sized. Flesh yellow and fine grained. Best of all yellow-fleshed varieties.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 55c

The Best Vegetable for All-Season Greens

SWISS CHARD

Swiss Chard is really a beet grown for its leaves. The entire leaf may be boiled and served as spinach or the mid-rib cooked alone; either way it is excellent. Sown in the Spring, the leaves are soon ready to eat, and if cut will continue to grow and produce tender young leaves all Summer and Fall. If given a little protection it will survive the Winter and make unusually good greens early in the Spring.

HOW TO GROW: Sow the seed in April in drills $1\frac{1}{2}$ feet apart and cover $1\frac{1}{2}$ inches deep. Thin to 6 inches apart.



1 pkt. sows a 15-ft. row; 1 oz., 50 ft.

Lucullus (Cut-and-Come-again). This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in about 40 days. The leaves are dark green, very large, much curled, thick of texture and quite tender, making excellent boiling greens. The stems are pure white, broad and thick, and make an unusual vegetable when cooked separately.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 30c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 80c

RHUBARB CHARD. Ready to use in 60 days. A new Swiss Chard with bright crimson stalks. Leaves dark green, heavily crimped, veined crimson. The flavor somewhat resembles rhubarb. Ornamental as well as useful.

Pkt. 25c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25c; oz. \$1.60



Spinach, Summer Savoy

SPINACH

LONG-STANDING BLOOMSDALE, or SUMMER SAVOY. Ready to use in 48 days. Quick-growing, hardy Spinach, much planted for home and market use as well as for canning. The glossy green leaves are of a very heavy texture and intensely crinkled and blistered. Remains in the rosette stage for a long time without bolting; this characteristic adapts it to later Spring planting. Also can be sown in the Fall. Easy to harvest, easy to clean.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 25c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75c

NEW ZEALAND. Ready to use in 70 days. The Cut-and-Come-Again Spinach. It produces strong plants which resist heat and give an abundance of rich green foliage all during the Summer and Fall. Sends out fresh growth continuously after being cut, so that a supply of greens may be had until frost destroys the plants. Both the young stem tips and leaves are fleshy and brittle and of the finest quality when cooked. Plants attain a spread of 4 feet when fully grown.

Pkt. 15c; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 35c; oz. 60c;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.75

HOW TO GROW SPINACH:

1 pkt. sows a 20-ft. row; 1 oz., 100 ft.

Spinach is a cool-weather crop and may be sown very early in the Spring. Make successive sowings until early Summer; for Fall use, sow from August 10 to September 15.

Sow early in Spring as soon as ground can be worked, in rows 1 foot apart. Cover seed 1 inch. New Zealand Spinach is entirely distinct, and the seed should be soaked in warm water a few hours before planting. Allow 2 feet between plants and sow about May 15.

BEST GARDEN SQUASH FOR BAKING

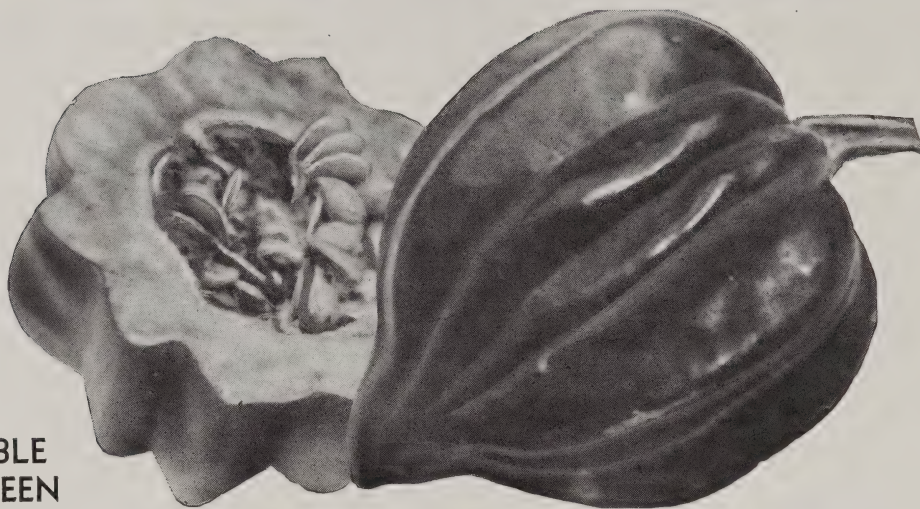


TABLE QUEEN

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in 100 days. The "individual" Squash, also known as Acorn, Des Moines, and Queen Anne. The most popular kind for individual baking because of its very fine quality. The fruits are dark green, 4 to 5 inches in diameter, deeply ribbed and with a smooth hard shell. A very convenient size for baking and serving in the shell. The flesh is deep yellow, sweet, of fine flavor, dry and free from stringiness. The Squash will keep all Winter and should be allowed to ripen thoroughly before using. The vines are of the "runner" type and very prolific.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15

IMPROVED WARTED HUBBARD, Dark

Green. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in 110 days. The most widely grown green Squash. Produces large dark green fruit covered with warts. Noted for its keeping quality. Pkt. 10c; oz. 45c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

DELICIOUS. Ready to use in 110 days. The standard of excellence in Winter Squash. Fruits broad, top-shaped, 7 to 8 inches long. Skin very dark green, fairly smooth. Flesh extremely thick, bright yellow, and finely grained, without fiber.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 35c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00



*Dark
Green
Zucchini*

EARLY PROLIFIC STRAIGHTNECK. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use in 50 days. This is a dwarf Summer Squash. The fruits are very attractive and smooth; smaller than the old Straightneck. The vine is dwarf, extremely prolific and early. This is a very profitable kind for market and excellent for the home garden.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15

DARK GREEN ZUCCHINI. This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Special Long Strain. Ready to use in 65 days. This new strain of bush Vegetable Marrow is very even in size and has a solid dark green skin with no light gray or light striped fruits. Best if picked when 8 to 10 inches long or smaller. These Squash are delicious cut lengthwise and baked with a strip of bacon on each piece.

Pkt. 15c; oz. 40c; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.15

HOW TO GROW SQUASH:

1 pkt. will plant 6 to 8 hills; 1 oz., 30 hills

Plant in May when the ground is warm and dry, in hills 5 to 6 feet apart for the bush varieties and 6 to 8 feet apart for the running varieties. Sow seven to eight seeds to the hill and thin out to three plants. Cover seed with 1 inch of soil.

RHUBARB

VICTORIA. Broad, thick, tender stalks, deeply shaded with red. The best home-garden variety.

Extra-strong roots. 35c each; 3 for \$1.00.

RUTGERS TOMATO

Is Wilt-Resistant!

This variety recommended by Michigan State College, Department of Horticulture. Ready to use 75 days from plants. We consider Rutgers the finest main-crop Tomato grown today. The fruit is large, globe shaped, deep red all over, and the flesh is deep red, very solid, and of most superior quality. The vines are strong and sturdy, producing an enormous quantity of fine fruit. This is an unusually good kind for home preserving, as the fruit remains firm and solid when canned. Makes excellent Tomato juice. An early main-crop variety.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25

BONNY BEST. Ready to use 70 days from plants. The fruits are of medium size, bright scarlet, always smooth, uniform in size and shape. Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 75c; oz. \$1.25

VICTOR. *New.* Extra early; smooth and solid. Ready to use 60 days from plants. This variety ripens large clusters of fruit when other extra-early kinds have only one or two. The fruits are good size (average over 4½ ounces). Firm, solid, and of excellent quality. The vine is of the sturdy, determinate type, which can be planted close together (2 to 3 feet is recommended), thus producing a much larger yield of early fruit.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. 85c; oz. \$1.50

HOW TO GROW TOMATOES:

1 pkt. produces 150 plants; 1 oz., 2000 plants

Sow the seed in hotbeds in March and when about 2 inches high, set the plants about 4 inches apart in boxes or pot singly. After all danger of frost is past, transplant to the open ground. Set deep and about 4 feet apart.

Tomato Plants available May 10



*Rutgers
Tomato*

An Acid-Free Yellow Tomato!

JUBILEE. All-America Bronze Medal Winner, 1943. Ready to use 72 days from plants. A new orange-yellow Tomato which compares favorably with the best of the standard red varieties in shape, quality, and solidity. Fruits are bright orange-yellow, globular, weigh about 6 ounces; the orange-colored interior is thick-walled, with few seeds. Makes delicious juice of unusual and attractive color. Very high in vitamins A and C.

Pkt. 15c; ¼oz. 65c; ½oz. \$1.10; oz. \$1.85

PONDEROSA. Late Tomato. Ready to use 85 days from plants. Largest late variety. Purplish pink; meaty.

Pkt. 15c; ½oz. \$1.15; oz. \$1.95

SMALL-FRUITED TOMATOES

Used principally for preserving.

**Red Cherry
Yellow Plum**

**Red Plum
Yellow Pear**

All small-fruited Tomatoes, pkt. 15c; ½oz. 70c; oz. \$1.30.



Purple-Top White Globe Turnip

TURNIP

1 pkt. sows a 50-ft. row; 1 oz., 200 ft.

HOW TO GROW: For early Turnips, sow ½ inch deep as soon as the ground is open in the Spring, in rows 18 inches apart. Thin out to 6 inches in the row. As Turnips are generally grown for Fall and Winter use, they are better planted in July.

PURPLE-TOP WHITE GLOBE. Special Strain. The Turnips are large, globe shaped, pure white, with purple tops. They are very handsome in appearance, yield fine crops and mature early. This is an excellent variety for table use and the best white one to grow.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼lb. 55c

SEVEN TOP. The best variety for greens. The foliage is nearly twice that of ordinary Turnips and is of mild, pleasant flavor when cooked. The roots are flattened, pure white, and fine quality.

Pkt. 10c; oz. 20c; ¼lb. 55c

TRY THE NEW JUBILEE ACID-FREE
YELLOW TOMATO



To Be Sure of a Luxuriant, Velvety Lawn—Sow

LOHRMAN'S EVERGREEN LAWN SEED

CONTAINS CREEPING BENT

Hormonized with ROOTONE for Quicker, Thicker Root Growth!

America's finest lawn mixture, containing the best re-cleaned grasses, including Bent free, from weeds and chaff. Michigan State Grade A mixture. Hormonized with Rootone to induce quicker germination and more vigorous root growth, thus fortifying the lawn against Summer drought and producing a thick turf that will discourage weeds. For established lawns, sow 1 pound to 400 square feet. For new lawns, sow 1 lb. to 200 square feet.

Lb. 70c; 3 lbs. \$2.00; 5 lbs. \$3.25;
10 lbs. \$6.35



Shady Place Mixture with Creeping Bent

A mixture of grasses adapted for growing in the shade and under trees. We recommend its use wherever other grasses have failed. To obtain the best results, the seed should be sown early in Spring and Fall.

Lb. 85c; 3 lbs. \$2.45; 5 lbs. \$4.00; 10 lbs. \$7.75

Seaside Bent or Creeping Bent

The plant is dwarf and it multiplies rapidly by sending out runners in all directions. The turf becomes matted, and if damaged, it heals over promptly.

Lb. \$1.50; 3 lbs. \$4.35; 5 lbs. \$7.25

LOHRMAN SEED CO. MACOMB AT BRUSH, DETROIT 26

PHONE: RANDOLPH 1701

Horticultural Specialists for Over 50 Years

ESTABLISHED 1893

Cash _____

To facilitate filling your order, please use this form. With an order of \$1.00 or over, you will receive **FREE OF CHARGE** our 20-page fully-illustrated book, "How to Improve Your Victory Garden."

[illegible]



THE NEW RED RASPBERRY

EXTRA EARLY

"Sunrise"

EXTRA QUALITY

Originated by the U. S. Department of Agriculture
Resistant to Disease

Wonderful Flavor for Pies, Table and Canning

Extra-Large Bearing-Age Plants ... **10 for \$1.95**
POSTPAID

Large, Sweet, Juicy
STRAWBERRIES from June to Frost

Everbearing Strawberry

◆ **G E M** ◆

Large, Bright Red Berries, with a Rich Flavor

25 STRONG PLANTS \$2.75 POSTPAID

• WITHIN A RADIUS OF 600 MILES FROM DETROIT •



LOHRMAN SEED COMPANY

Macomb at Brush



DETROIT 26, MICH.

PHONE: RANDOLPH 1701